
Question: 1

How does a storage administrator obtain the Hitachi Device Manager (HDvM) CLI software?

- A. Install it from the Hitachi Command Suite DVD
- B. Install the RAID Manager/CCI software.
- C. Download it from the HDvM server.
- D. Download the HDvM CLI license.

Answer: C

Question: 2

Which two statements regarding the Hitachi Dynamic Link Manager Least I/O and Least Block algorithms are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The Least I/O and Least Block algorithms redirect the I/Os to a single path determined by the algorithms.
- B. The Least I/O and Least Block algorithms redirect the I/Os to a pair of paths determined by the algorithms.
- C. The Extended Least I/O and Extended Least Block algorithms distribute sequential I/Os to a set of paths and random I/Os to another set of paths.
- D. The Extended Least I/O and Extended Least Block algorithms distribute I/Os to paths depending on whether the I/O involves sequential or random access.

Answer: A,D

Question: 3

Which two operations would be performed on a VSP using the Element Manager feature of Hitachi Device Manager? (Choose two.)

- A. Change the ports settings of a storage system.
- B. Define tiering policies for Hitachi Tiered Storage Manager.
- C. Access external storage management functions.
- D. Launch the maintenance procedure for Customer Replaceable Parts.

Answer: A,C

Question: 4

A customer has concerns about high availability and single-point failure for their VSP environment and they are planning to implement a multi-pathing software. Which two Hitachi Dynamic Link Manager (HDLM) features will assist this customer? (Choose two.)

- A. HDLM automatically redirects I/O operations to alternate paths if a failure occurs.
- B. The HDLM server monitors the client hosts' multi-pathing agents and redirects I/Os to an available path if a path failure occurs.
- C. HDLM collects path error information and preventively sets a path offline if the error threshold is exceeded.
- D. When a failed path becomes available, HDLM places the recovered path back online.

Answer: A,D

Question: 5

Which feature allows the naming of LDEVs using Hitachi Device Manager CLI?

- A. LDEV Naming
- B. LDEV Labeling
- C. LDEV Tagging
- D. LDEV Editing

Answer: B

Question: 6

You want to monitor the storage capacity used by an application. Which feature of Hitachi Device Manager would you use to achieve this?

- A. device groups
- B. host groups
- C. logical groups
- D. application groups

Answer: C

Question: 7

On a server with intensive sequential I/O profile, you have set Extended Round Robin within Hitachi Dynamic Link Manager. Which two benefits result from implementing this algorithm? (Choose two.)

- A. tracks preloaded to cache
- B. blocks held permanent in Read Cache
- C. no tracks preloading on the system
- D. efficient cache usage on the storage system

Answer: A,D

Question: 8

You want to restart the Hitachi Command Suite (HCS) services running on a Windows server. Which tool would you use?

- A. Windows Services panel
- B. HCS GUI
- C. CLI command "hcmdssrv"
- D. Windows Task Manager

Answer: C

Question: 9

A storage manager needs to add a new server to the Hitachi Device Manager (HDvM) database. As an alternative to running a host scan, which two actions are available to discover and identify the new server? (Choose two.)

- A. Use the Host Data Collector.
- B. Install HDvM Agent on the host.
- C. Execute the AddNewHost CLI command.
- D. Run the Import Hosts utility.

Answer: A,B

Question: 10

You use Hitachi Device Manager to provision storage. During the provisioning process, what information must you provide? (Choose two.)

- A. the name of the host being provisioned from the storage system
- B. the WWN of the FC port of the storage system connected to the host's HBA
- C. the FC port name of the storage system connected to the host's HBA
- D. the FC path priority settings

Answer: A,C
